

Teaching your child to read in Year 1

PARENT INFORMATION SESSION

Why RWI phonics?

- Phonics supports the development of reading, writing and spelling skills
- RWI programme meets the expectations of the National Curriculum
- Daily systematic and structured programme
- Whole class and small group work
- Storybooks align with the sounds learnt in class
- Proven to be successful in early reading



Phonics at a glance

Skills of
segmentation
and blending



Knowledge of
the alphabetic
code

Terminology

Phoneme

- This is something you can **hear**.
- The smallest unit of sound in a word
- The sound that a letter or group of sounds make

Grapheme

- This is something you can **see**.
- The written representation of a phoneme.
- A grapheme can contain 1, 2, 3 or more letters.
- E.g. **t**, **ai**, **igh**

English Language

- 44 sounds
- Over 150+ graphemes
- One of the most complex alphabetic codes in the world!

s sat	t tap	p pan	n nose	m mat	a ant	e egg	i ink	o otter
g goat	d dog	c k click	r run	h hat	u up	ai rain	ee knee	igh light
b bus	f farm	l lolly	j jam	v van	oa boat	oo cook	oo boot	ar star
w wish	x axe	y yell	z zap	qu quill	or fork	ur burn	ow now	oi boil
ch chin	sh ship	th think	th the	ng sing	ear near	air stair	ure sure	er writer

Learning so far

Complex Speed Sounds											
Consonant sounds											
f	l	m	n	r	s	v	z	sh	th	ng	
ff	ll	mm	nn	rr	ss	ve	zz	ti		nk	
ph	le	mb	kn	wr	se		s	ci			
					c		se				
					ce						
b	c	d	g	h	j	p	qu	t	w	x	y
bb	k	dd	gg		g	pp		tt	wh		ch
	ck				ge						tch
	ch				dge						
Vowel sounds											
a	e	i	o	u	ay	ee	igh	ow			
	ea				ā-e	y	ī-e	ō-e			
					ai	ea	ie	oa			
						e	i	o			
							y				
oo	oo	ar	or	air	ir	ou	oy	ire	ear	ure	
ū-e			oor	are	ur	ow	oi				
ue			ore		er						
ew			aw								
			au								

- Set 1 and 2 sounds
- RWI storybooks
- Matching banded books
- Multi-sensory approach
- Matching handwriting phrases to letter formation
- Spelling

Set 3 sounds

- Once children are secure in their Set 1 & 2 sounds, they are taught Set 3.
- These are different graphemes (ways of writing) the same sound
- Appear in Yellow, Blue and Grey storybooks

Complex Speed Sounds chart

Consonants: stretchy

f	l	m	n	r	s	v	z	sh	th	ng
ff	ll	mm	nn	rr	ss	ve	zz	ti		nk
ph	le	mb	kn	wr	se		s	ci		
					ce					

Consonants: bouncy

b	c	d	g	h	j	p	qu	t	w	x	y	ch
bb	k	dd	gg		g	pp		tt	wh			tch
	ck				ge							
	ch											

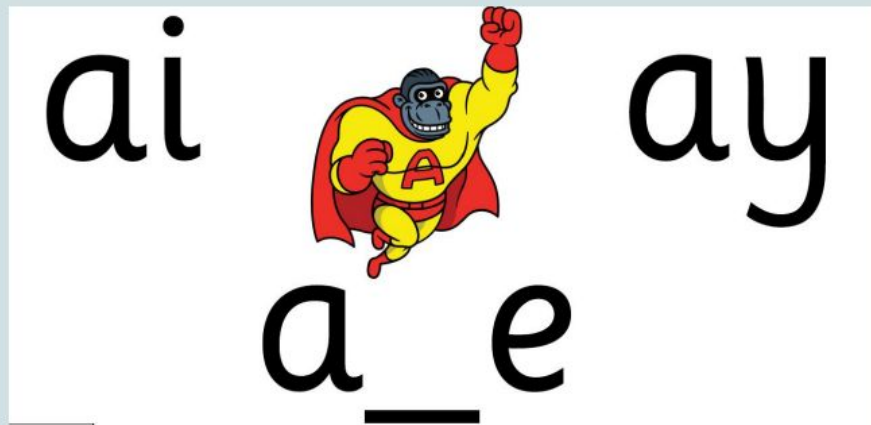
Vowels

a	e	i	o	u	ay	ee	igh	ow
	ea				a-e	y	i-e	o-e
					ai	ea	ie	oa
						e	i	o

oo	oo	ar	or	air	ir	ou	oy	ire	ear	ure
u-e			oor	are	ur	ow	oi			
ue			ore		er					
ew			aw							
			au							

Choosing the right grapheme

- Choosing the correct grapheme for a word can be challenging
- Children need to decide if its **make**, **maik** or **mayk**
- Using the complex speed chart, we encourage the children to write down the word and ask, “does it look correct?”
- Children who are frequently and consistently exposed to written print are more likely to be able to identify if their spelling looks correct.



Sounds and Rhymes

Speed Sounds Set 1

m 	a 	s 	d 	t 
i 	n 	p 	g 	o 
c 	k 	u 	b 	f 
e 	l 	h 	sh 	r 
j 	v 	y 	w 	th 
z 	ch 	qu 	x 	ng 

Speed Sounds Set 2

ay  may I play?	ee  what can you see?	igh  fly high	ow  blow the snow	oo  poo at the zoo
oo  look at a book	ar  start the car	or  shut the door	air  that's not fair	ir  whirl and twirl

Speed Sounds Set 3

ea  cup of tea	oi  spoil the boy	ou  shout it out	oy  toy for a boy	
a-e  make a cake	i-e  nice smile	o-e  phone home	u-e  huge brute	aw  yawn at dawn
are  care and share	ur  nurse with a purse	er  a better letter	ow  brown cow	ai  snail in the rain
oa  goat in a boat	ew  chew the stew	ire  fire, fire!	ear  hear with your ear	ure  sure it's pure

By the end of EYFS, children should be secure in **all** Set 1 single letter and digraph sounds (special friends).

Children should be able to recall and recognise Set 2 and 3 sounds by the end of Year 1.

You can learn the pronunciation of sounds [Here](#).

How does phonics help us to read?

- Phonics teaches children how to read through **segmenting** and **blending** sounds.
- **Segmenting** is breaking a word into small, manageable chunks to spell it, e.g. **c-a-t**.
- **Blending** is merging the letter sounds together, e.g. cat.
- We use Fred Frog to teach children how to read through segmenting and blending words.
- Fred can *only* talk in **pure sounds** - he says **b-r-ow-n** not *brown*.
- We call this 'Fred Talk.'



Fred Talk at home

Talk to your child using Fred Talk:

- What a tidy r-oo-m!
- Where is your c-oa-t?
- Time for b-e-d

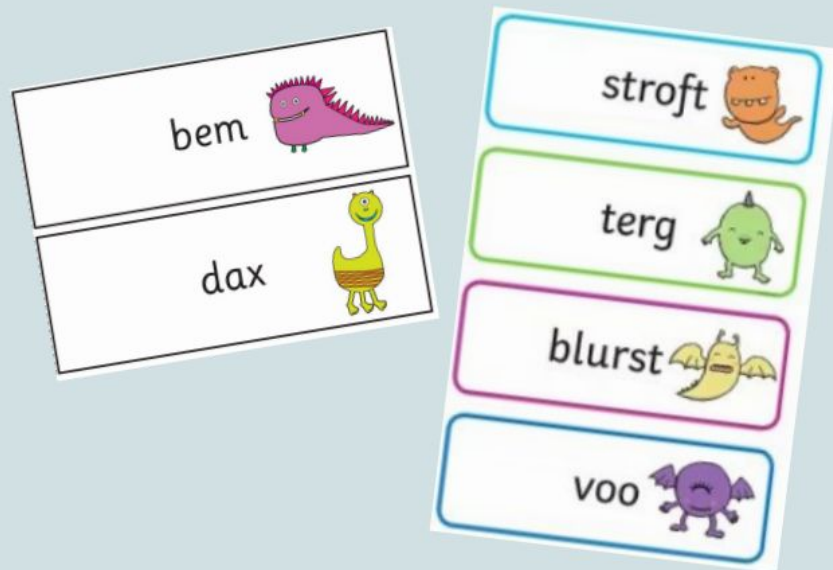
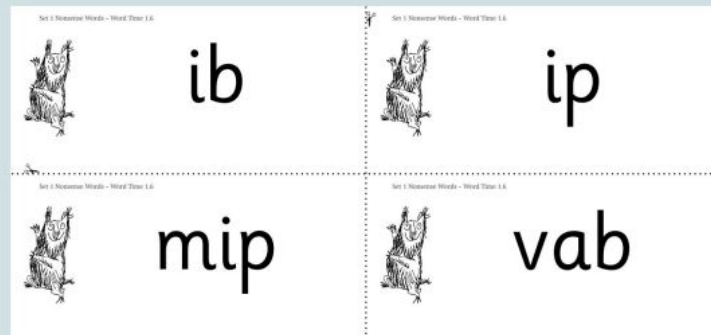
Fred games:

- Fred wants you to touch your **h-ea-d**
- Fred wants you to act like a **h-or-se**
- Fred wants you to **h-o-p, r-u-n, s-k-i-p**



Alien Words

- Nonsense words or 'alien' words are made up words that have no meaning.
- They are used to assess children's sound knowledge and blending.
- Children are exposed to a set of nonsense words linked to the focus sound, e.g. **ay = flayg**
- In the PSC at the end of Year 1, children are asked to read 20 alien words.
- If children are able to decode alien words successfully, they will be able to easily decode new words.



End points

	YR children can:	Y1 children can:	Y2 children can:
End of Autumn 1	Read single-letter Set 1 sounds	Read Purple Storybooks; read some Set 2 sounds	Read Grey Storybooks
End of Autumn term	Read all Set 1 sounds; blend sounds into words orally	Read Pink Storybooks; read all Set 2 sounds	Read Grey Storybooks with fluency and comprehension
End of Spring 1	Blend sounds to read words; read short Ditty stories	Read Orange Storybooks; read some Set 3 sounds	Read White Reading Hub books with fluency and comprehension
End of Spring term	Read Red Storybooks	Read Yellow Storybooks	
End of Summer 1	Read Green Storybooks; read some Set 2 sounds	Read Yellow Storybooks; read all of Set 3 sounds	
End of Summer term	Read Green or Purple Storybooks	Read Blue Storybooks	

- To be at the **expected** standard by the end of Year 1, children should be on Blue storybooks.
- By Christmas in Year 2, children should be accessing Reading Hub (chapter) books independently with fluency, expression and secure comprehension skills.

Reminder:

All children develop at a different pace and should not be rushed off the programme. Some may be a little behind or a little further ahead in comparison to their peers.

Reading in preparation for writing

- Developing fine motor skills – thumb, finger, hand and wrist movements
- Pincer or tripod grip for handwriting
- Teaching correct posture - sitting at a table
- Handwriting practice using RWI rhymes

How can you support the development of the skill at home?



Read read read!

- Read favourite stories **over** and **over** again
- Read some stories at a **higher level** than they can read themselves e.g. their library book.
- Aim to listen to them reading their RWI books for **5-10 minutes a day**.
- Daily practise improves confidence and skills.
- Ask your child questions about the books they are reading to develop understanding and comprehension.



Home School Books

COMPLEX SPEED SOUNDS CHART

Consonants: stretchy

f	l	m	n	r	s	v	z	sh	th	ng
ff	ll	mm	nn	rr	ss	vv	zz	ssi	tti	ngk
ph	le	mb	kn	wr	se	ce	se	ci		

Consonants: bouncy

b	c	d	g	h	j	p	qu	t	w	x	y	ch
bb	ck	dd	gg		g	pp	qu	tt	wh			ch
	ck				ge							tch

Vowels

a	e	i	o	u	ay	ee	igh
	ea				ā-e	y	ī-e
					ai	ea	i
							y

oa	oo	ar	or	air	ir	ou	o
(u-e)			oor	are	ur	ow	
ue			ore	er			
ew			aw				

Red Word Lists

Red Words Set 1

I	the	my	you	said
your	are	be	of	no

Red Words Set 2

what	all	was	we	so
to	me	call	her	there
want	go	old	some	he

Red Words Set 3

does	tall	come	watch	who
were	brother	any	their	where
two	small	love	many	here
once	buy	worse	thought	talk
caught	bought	walk	could	anyone
would	great	son	water	should

Red Words Set 4

they	half	Monday	eight	eighteen
going	over	fourteen	orange	Wednesday
by	laugh	April	don't	July
do	these	four	because	can't
one	people	February	grey	another
ball	Mr	Mrs	bear	other
through	baby	only	told	why
even	key	mother	eye	friend

- Home School books in KS1 contain pages to support with RWI as well as a recommended reading list.
- These books need to be in school **every day** as they are used to communicate progress.
- Please read with your child **daily** even if it is just 5 minutes!
- Children can send in a birthday book to help us to celebrate their special days. We have labels to put inside the book naming the child who donated it.
- For additional information on reading at Grange Park, along with further recommended reads, please visit our [website](#).

Groupings

- Children have been grouped according to learning needs.
- They are assessed regularly through home/school reading.
- Children are formally assessed on a half-termly basis.
- Daily RWI session will include:

Speed Sounds Lesson

New words linked to sounds

Learning 'red' words

Whole class shared reading

Adult-led paired reading and comprehension

Adult-led writing task

- Letter formation and daily handwriting sessions
- Fine motor activities - 'busy fingers'

How can you support your child?

- Daily and regular reading at home.
- Talk through the questions in the back of the RWI books - develop comprehension and understanding
- Evidence your child's reading progress in their home school diary - especially if they have read their **banded** book.
- Read to your child as frequently as possible - this promotes language development, broadens their vocabulary and creates a love for reading.
- Expose your child to a variety of books - non-fiction, age appropriate, classic tales, library books.



Resources

[Ruth Miskin information for parents](#)

[RWI Parent videos](#)

[Oxford Owl Ebooks](#)

[Reading for pleasure book list](#)