

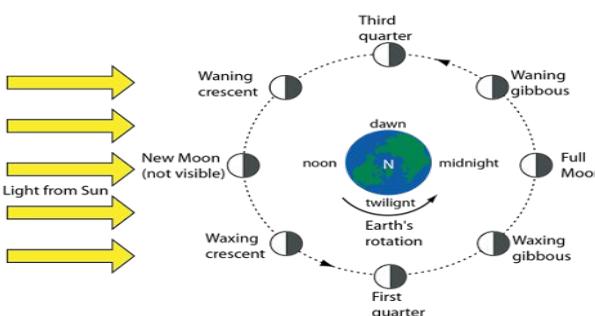
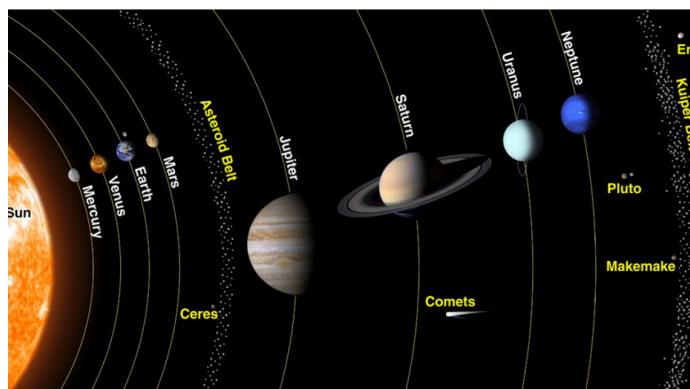
Earth and Space

Significant Scientist



Kalpana Chawla

She was born in Punjab, India and is an astronaut and aerospace engineer. She first flew on the Space Shuttle Columbia in 1997 as a mission specialist and robotic arm operator aboard STS-87.



Key Knowledge

Planets The Sun is a hot ball of gas which is classified as a star. The Sun is placed at the centre of our solar system and makes life possible on Earth. Planets are celestial objects that orbit a star like our solar system's Sun. Our solar system is currently believed to include eight planets: Mercury, Venus, Earth, Mars, Jupiter, Saturn, Uranus and Neptune. In 2006 Pluto was reclassified as a 'dwarf planet'.

Earth The Earth, Sun and Moon are approximately spherical. The Earth rotates on its axis, which stands on a 23.5° angle. The Sun's rays hit the side of the Earth which faces the Sun. This causes day and night. It takes the Earth 24 hours to make one complete spin on its axis. The Earth orbits the Sun. One orbit takes 365 days (a year).

Moon The Moon is a celestial body which orbits the Earth. One orbit takes approximately a month (almost 28 days). We only see the part of the Moon that is lit by the Sun which is why it appears to be different shapes at different times of the month. The Moon is described as waxing as it gets larger from new moon to full moon. As the Moon gets smaller from full moon to new moon it is described as waning. There is no life on the Moon because it has no atmosphere (no air or weather).

Forces Forces acting at a distance are forces that do not require direct contact between them. Gravity is the pulling force acting between the Earth and other planets.

Enquiry Skills

Research
Observation over time
Pattern seeking

Key Vocabulary

solar system	Planets and their moons which orbit the Sun.
axis of rotation	An imaginary line that passes through the north and south poles of the Earth.
phases of the Moon	The Moon transitioning through phases depending on how much light its surface is exposed to.
waxing	Description of the Moon as it appears to grow from new moon to full moon.
waning	Description of the Moon as it appears to get smaller from full moon to new moon.
star	A large glowing ball of gas existing in space.
constellation	A group of stars forming a pattern.
celestial body	Any naturally occurring object in space.
planet	A celestial body which orbits a star.

Working Scientifically Skills

Report data using scientific diagrams, labels, classification keys and tables.

Report and present using conclusions, causal relationships, explanations and a degree of trust.

